

SOA and CAS: Exam FM¹

Written Solutions: 311-317

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This document only provides written solutions to official example problems 311-317. For official sample questions, check out the official websites of Society of Actuaries and the Casualty Actuarial Society.

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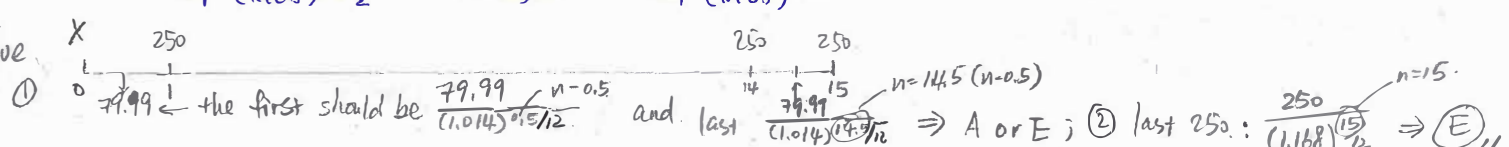
²Email: liyifinhub@outlook.com The written solutions were drafted when I was preparing for the exam. Please email me if you find any errors. My personal website: <https://yilifinhub.com/>

Exam FM Question 311

- Give:
- ① A credit card company charges an annual rate 16.8%.
 - ② Credit card balance was X at the beginning of month 1. Starting with month 1, the borrower purchased satellite internet service, resulting in 79.99 charge on the credit card at the middle of each month
 - ③ borrower paid 250 at the end of each month, immediately after payment in month 15, balance was 3000.

Question: Which of the following equation can be used to solve for X .

- (A) $X + \sum_{n=1}^{15} \frac{79.99}{(1.014)^{n-0.5}} = \frac{3000}{(1.014)^{15}} + \sum_{n=1}^{15} \frac{250}{(1.014)^n}$
- (B) $X + \sum_{n=1}^{16} \frac{79.99}{(1.168)^{\frac{n+0.5}{12}}} = \frac{3000}{(1.168)^{3/4}} + \sum_{n=1}^{16} \frac{250}{(1.168)^{\frac{n}{12}}}$
- (C) $X + \sum_{n=1}^{16} \frac{79.99}{(1.168)^{\frac{n-0.5}{2}}} = \frac{3000}{(1.168)^{4/3}} + \sum_{n=1}^{16} \frac{250}{(1.168)^{n/2}}$
- (D) $X + \sum_{n=1}^{15} \frac{79.99}{(1.168)^{\frac{n+0.5}{12}}} = \frac{3000}{(1.168)^{5/4}} + \sum_{n=1}^{15} \frac{250}{(1.168)^{n/2}}$
- (E) $X + \sum_{n=1}^{15} \frac{79.99}{(1.168)^{\frac{n-0.5}{2}}} = \frac{3000}{(1.168)^{5/4}} + \sum_{n=1}^{15} \frac{250}{(1.168)^{n/2}}$



Exam FM Question 312

- Give:
- Deposits of 100, made today and one year from today.
 - Force of interest at time t : $d_t = 0.03 + 0.005t$ ($0 \leq t \leq 3$)

Question: What is the account balance two years from today?

Solve:
$$AV = 100 \cdot e^{\int_0^2 (0.03 + 0.005t) dt} + 100e^{\int_1^2 (0.03 + 0.005t) dt}$$

$$= 100 \cdot e^{(0.03t + 0.005 \cdot \frac{t^2}{2}) \Big|_0^2} + 100 \cdot e^{(0.03t + 0.005 \cdot \frac{t^2}{2}) \Big|_1^2}$$

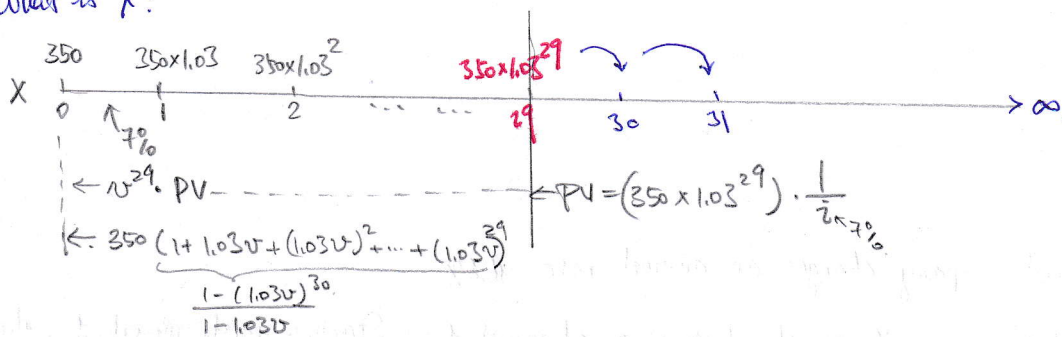
$$= e^{(0.03 \times 2 + 0.005 \times \frac{4}{2}) - (0)} + 100 \cdot e^{(0.03 \times 1 + 0.005 \times \frac{1}{2})}$$

$$\cong 211.072 \text{ (A)}$$

Exam FM Question 313

- Give:
- Perpetuity-due price at X , annual rate 7%
 - First payment 350, each payment 3% larger than the previous payment
 - Starting with the 31st payment, each payment is equal to the 30th payment

Question: What is X ?



Solve:
$$X = 350 \times \frac{1 - (1.03v)^{30}}{1 - 1.03v} + v^{29} (350 \times 1.03^{29} \times \frac{1}{i})$$

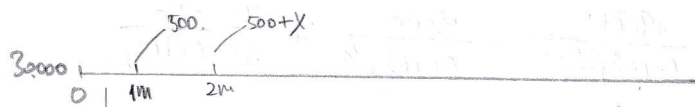
$$= 6376.79875 + 1656.22741 \cong 8033.02616 \text{ (E)}$$

Exam FM Question 314

- Give:
- A student takes out a loan for 30,000, $i = 9\%$ convertible semi-annually.
 - Student pays off loan in 5-year, monthly payment beginning one month from today.
 - First payment is 500, each subsequent is X more than the previous one.

Question: Which of the following can be used to solve for X ?

- (A) $30,000 = \sum_{n=0}^{60} \frac{500 + nX}{(1.015)^{n/2}}$
- (B) $30,000 = \sum_{n=0}^{60} \frac{500 + nX}{(1.045)^{n/6}}$
- (C) $30,000 = \sum_{n=1}^{60} \frac{500 + nX}{(1.045)^{n/6}}$
- (D) $30,000 = \sum_{n=1}^{60} \frac{500 + (n-1)X}{(1.015)^{n/2}}$
- (E) $30,000 = \sum_{n=1}^{60} \frac{500 + (n-1)X}{(1.045)^{n/6}}$



- Solve:
- $i_{1m}: (1+i_{1m})^6 = \frac{9\%}{2}$: first 500 should be: $\frac{500}{1.045^{1/6}}$ with $n=1 \Rightarrow C$ or E .
 - X starts at $t=2m$, thus, can only have $(n-1)X \Rightarrow E$

Exam FM Question 315

- Give:
- ① Each bonds A, B, C all sells for 10,000, has the same annual effective yield rate, same term n.
 - ② The par values and coupon rate are shown below

	Bond A	Bond B	Bond C
Par Value	20,000	10,835.58	X
Annual Coupon rate	0%	4%	3%

③ Each bond redeemed at par. coupon paid annually

Question: What is X?

Solve: Bond A: $10,000$ at $t=0$, $20,000$ at $t=n$.
 $10,000 = 20,000 \cdot v^n \Rightarrow v^n = \frac{1}{2}$

Bond B: $10,000$ at $t=0$, $10,835.58 \times 4\% = 433.4232$ at $t=1, 2, \dots, n$, $433.4232 + 10,835.58$ at $t=n$.
 $10,000 = 433.4232 a_{\overline{n}|i} + 10,835.58 v^n \Rightarrow a_{\overline{n}|i} \cong 10.5721$

Bond C: $10,000$ at $t=0$, $X \cdot 3\%$ at $t=1, 2, \dots, n$, X at $t=n$.
 $10,000 = (X \cdot 3\%) a_{\overline{n}|i} + X v^n = X \left(3\% \times 10.5721 + \frac{1}{2} \right)$
 $\Rightarrow X \cong 12237.51$ (A)

Exam FM Question 316

- Give:
- ① Perpetuity-immediate with annual payments consists of 10 level payments of K, followed by a series of increasing payments.
 - ② Beginning with the 11th payment, each payment is 200 larger than the preceding payment.
 - ③ Annual rate 5.2%. PV of the perpetuity is 50,000.

Question: What is K?

$PV = K \cdot \frac{1}{i} + 200 \left(\frac{1}{i} + \frac{1}{i^2} \right)$

Solve: $50,000 = K \cdot \underbrace{a_{\overline{10}|5.2\%}}_{7.64728} + v^{10} \left(K \cdot \frac{1}{i} + 200 \left(\frac{1}{i} + \frac{1}{i^2} \right) \right)$ where $i = 5.2\%$
 $v^{10} = 0.60234$

$\Rightarrow K \cong 162.85$ (C)

Exam FM Question 317.

① Bank issues two 30-year bonds: A and B, each with annual coupons.

Given: ② Yield = 7%. Face Amount = 1000. Total Price of two bonds = 3000.

③ Bond's B annual coupon rate = Bond's A annual coupon rate + 0.5%.

Question: What is annual coupon rate of Bond A.

Solve: Bond A: Price assumed to be "X"



Bond B: Price assumed to be "3000 - X"



① $(1000 \times r) a_{\overline{30}|7\%} + 1000v^{30} = X$

② $[1000 \times (r + 0.5\%)] a_{\overline{30}|7\%} + 1000v^{30} = 3000 - X$

\Rightarrow ① + ② $1000 \cdot (2r + 0.5\%) \cdot a_{\overline{30}|7\%} + 2000v^{30} = 3000$ where $i = 7\%$
 $(\frac{1}{1.07})^{30}$

$\Rightarrow (2r + 0.5\%) a_{\overline{30}|7\%} = 2.737266 \Rightarrow 2r + 0.5\% = 0.220586 \Rightarrow r = 10.7793\%$ (E)